

Foundations of Logic Programming

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Exercise 3.1

Find a program P and a query Q such that for some θ there is a proof of $Q\theta$ (i.e. a successful SLD-derivation providing θ) via some selection rule R which cannot be found if Standardization Apart (Slide III/15) were not required.

Can you specify P and Q such that the problem occurs no matter which selection rule is applied?

Exercise 3.2

Consider the program

```
fact(0, s(0)).
fact(s(N), F) :- fact(N, F1), mul(s(N), F1, F).
```

and the query $?- \text{fact}(0, Y), \text{fact}(Y, s(0)).$

- Give an SLD-derivation using the Prolog selection rule (you don't have to show the multiplication in detail). Give the substitutions and resultants of each step and the CAS.
- Show that the Switching Lemma (Slide III/26) holds for the initial query (i.e., for $n = 0$).

Hint: Give a second SLD-derivation selecting the second atom at the beginning and using the Prolog selection rule afterwards. Show the correspondence of both derivations.

Exercise 3.3

Give a program P , a query Q and two selection rules R_1 and R_2 such that:

- every SLD-derivation of $P \cup \{Q\}$ via R_1 is infinite
- every SLD-derivation of $P \cup \{Q\}$ via R_2 is failed

Is it possible to construct P and Q such that additionally to the properties specified above there exists a successful SLD-derivation via some selection rule R_3 ? Justify your answer.

Exercise 3.4

Consider the following definition of a selection rule R :

“Choose the atom A of the query such that the number of elements in $var(A)$ is minimal; in case several atoms have the same minimal number of variables, choose the rightmost.”

Moreover, consider the following program P :

```
add(X, 0, X) .  
add(X, s(Y), s(Z)) :- add(X, Y, Z) .
```

```
mul(X, 0, 0) .  
mul(X, s(Y), Z) :- mul(X, Y, Z1), add(Z1, X, Z) .
```

and a query $Q = \text{mul}(X, Y, s(0))$. Solve the following tasks:

- a) Build the SLD-tree for $P \cup \{Q\}$ via R .
- b) Find a selection rule R' such that there is a successful derivation which always uses the first applicable program clause in P . Build the SLD-tree for $P \cup \{Q\}$ via R' .