

# Deciding the Twins Property for Weighted Tree Automata over Extremal Semifields

Matthias Büchse\*      Anja Fischer

Technische Universität Dresden

March 22, 2012

It is known that deterministic weighted tree automata are strictly less powerful than their general (nondeterministic) counterparts. The paper [1] contains a review of known sufficient conditions under which determinization is possible. One of these conditions requires that (i) the weights are calculated in an extremal semiring [4], (ii) there is a maximal factorization [3], and (iii) the weighted tree automaton has the twins property.

It has remained open whether the twins property is decidable, until KIRSTEN [2] gave an affirmative answer for a particular case: weighted string automata over the tropical semiring. He also showed that the decision problem is PSPACE-complete. In our presentation, we adapt and generalize Kirsten's proof: we show that the twins property is decidable for weighted tree automata over extremal semifields.

## References

- [1] Matthias Büchse, Jonathan May, and Heiko Vogler. 2010. Determinization of Weighted Tree Automata using Factorizations. *J. Autom. Lang. Comb.*, 15(3/4).
- [2] Daniel Kirsten. 2012. Decidability, Undecidability, and PSPACE-Completeness of the Twins Property in the Tropical Semiring. *Theoretical Computer Science*, 420:56–63.
- [3] Daniel Kirsten and Ina Mäurer. 2005. On the determinization of weighted automata. *J. Autom. Lang. Comb.*, 10:287–312.
- [4] Bernd Mahr. 1984. Iteration and summability in semirings. *Annals of Discrete Mathematics*, 19:229–256.

---

\*financially supported by DFG VO 1011/6-1.